119TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION S.

To authorize the Caribbean Basin Security Initiative, to enhance the United States-Caribbean security partnership, to prioritize natural disaster resilience, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. KAINE (for himself and Mr. CORNYN) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on ______

A BILL

- To authorize the Caribbean Basin Security Initiative, to enhance the United States-Caribbean security partnership, to prioritize natural disaster resilience, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Caribbean Basin Secu-
- 5 rity Initiative Authorization Act".

6 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

7 In this Act:

1	(1) Appropriate congressional commit-
2	TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
3	mittees" means—
4	(A) the Committee on Foreign Relations
5	and the Committee on Appropriations of the
6	Senate; and
7	(B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and
8	the Committee on Appropriations of the House
9	of Representatives.
10	(2) BENEFICIARY COUNTRIES.—The term "ben-
11	eficiary countries" means—
12	(A) Antigua and Barbuda;
13	(B) the Bahamas;
14	(C) Barbados;
15	(D) Dominica;
16	(E) the Dominican Republic;
17	(F) Grenada;
18	(G) Guyana;
19	(H) Jamaica;
20	(I) Saint Lucia;
21	(J) Saint Kitts and Nevis;
22	(K) Saint Vincent and the Grenadines;
23	(L) Suriname; and
24	(M) Trinidad and Tobago.

1	SEC. 3. AUTHORIZATION FOR THE CARIBBEAN BASIN SECU-
2	RITY INITIATIVE.
3	(a) Authorization for the Caribbean Basin Se-
4	CURITY INITIATIVE.—The Secretary of State and the Ad-
5	ministrator of the United States Agency for International
6	Development may carry out an initiative, to be known as
7	the "Caribbean Basin Security Initiative", in beneficiary
8	countries to achieve the purposes described in subsection
9	(b).
10	(b) PURPOSES.—The purposes described in this sub-
11	section are the following:
12	(1) To promote citizen safety, security, and the
13	rule of law in the Caribbean through increased stra-
14	tegic engagement with—
15	(A) the governments of beneficiary coun-
16	tries; and
17	(B) elements of local civil society, including
18	the private sector, in such countries.
19	(2) To counter transnational criminal organiza-
20	tions and local gangs in beneficiary countries, in-
21	cluding through—
22	(A) maritime and aerial security coopera-
23	tion, including—
24	(i) assistance to strengthen capabili-
25	ties of maritime and aerial interdiction op-
26	erations in the Caribbean; and

1	(ii) the provision of support systems
2	and equipment, training, and maintenance;
3	(B) cooperation on border and port secu-
4	rity, including support to strengthen capacity
5	for screening and intercepting narcotics, weap-
6	ons, bulk cash, and other contraband at air-
7	ports and seaports; and
8	(C) capacity building and the provision of
9	equipment and support for operations tar-
10	geting-
11	(i) the finances and illegal activities of
12	such organizations and gangs; and
13	(ii) the recruitment by such organiza-
14	tions and gangs of at-risk youth.
15	(3) To advance law enforcement and justice sec-
16	tor capacity building and rule of law initiatives in
17	beneficiary countries, including by—
18	(A) strengthening special prosecutorial of-
19	fices and providing technical assistance—
20	(i) to combat—
21	(I) corruption;
22	(II) money laundering;
23	(III) human, firearms, and wild-
24	life trafficking;
25	(IV) human smuggling;

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1	(V) financial crimes; and
2	(VI) extortion; and
3	(ii) to conduct asset forfeitures and
4	criminal analysis;
5	(B) supporting training for civilian police
6	and appropriate security services in criminal in-
7	vestigations, best practices for citizen security,
8	and the protection of human rights;
9	(C) supporting capacity building for law
10	enforcement and military units, including
11	professionalization, anti-corruption and human
12	rights training, vetting, and community-based
13	policing;
14	(D) supporting justice sector reform and
15	strengthening of the rule of law, including—
16	(i) capacity building for prosecutors,
17	judges, and other justice officials; and
18	(ii) support to increase the efficacy of
19	criminal courts; and
20	(E) strengthening cybersecurity and
21	cybercrime cooperation, including capacity
22	building and support for cybersecurity systems.
23	(4) To promote crime prevention efforts in ben-
24	eficiary countries, particularly among at-risk-youth

1	and other vulnerable populations, including
2	through—
3	(A) improving community and law enforce-
4	ment cooperation to improve the effectiveness
5	and professionalism of police and increase mu-
6	tual trust;
7	(B) increasing economic opportunities for
8	at-risk youth and vulnerable populations, in-
9	cluding through workforce development training
10	and remedial education programs for at-risk
11	youth;
12	(C) improving juvenile justice sectors
13	through regulatory reforms, separating youth
14	from traditional prison systems, and improving
15	support and services in juvenile detention cen-
16	ters; and
17	(D) the provision of assistance to popu-
18	lations vulnerable to being victims of extortion
19	and crime by criminal networks.
20	(5) To strengthen the ability of the security
21	sector in beneficiary countries to respond to and be-
22	come more resilient in the face of natural disasters,
23	including by—
24	(A) carrying out training exercises to en-
25	sure critical infrastructure and ports are able to

1	come back online rapidly following natural dis-
2	asters; and
3	(B) providing preparedness training to po-
4	lice and first responders.
5	(6) To prioritize efforts to combat corruption
6	and include anti-corruption components in programs
7	in beneficiary countries, including by—
8	(A) building the capacity of national jus-
9	tice systems and attorneys general to prosecute
10	and try acts of corruption;
11	(B) increasing the capacity of national law
12	enforcement services to carry out anti-corrup-
13	tion investigations; and
14	(C) encouraging cooperative agreements
15	among the Department of State, other relevant
16	Federal departments and agencies, and the at-
17	torneys general of relevant countries.
18	(7) To promote the rule of law in beneficiary
19	countries and counter malign influence from authori-
20	tarian regimes, including China, Russia, Iran, Ven-
21	ezuela, Nicaragua, and Cuba, by—
22	(A) monitoring security assistance from
23	such authoritarian regimes and taking steps
24	necessary to ensure that such assistance does

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not undermine or jeopardize United States se curity assistance;
 (B) evaluating and, as appropriate, re-

stricting the involvement of the United States in investment and infrastructure projects financed by authoritarian regimes that might obstruct or otherwise impact United States security assistance to beneficiary countries;

9 (C) monitoring and restricting equipment 10 and support from high-risk vendors of tele-11 communications infrastructure in beneficiary 12 countries;

13 (D) countering disinformation by pro14 moting transparency and accountability from
15 beneficiary countries; and

16 (E) eliminating corruption linked to invest17 ment and infrastructure facilitated by authori18 tarian regimes through support for investment
19 screening, competitive tendering and bidding
20 processes, the implementation of investment
21 law, and contractual transparency.

(8) To support the effective branding and messaging of United States security assistance and cooperation in beneficiary countries, including by developing and implementing a public diplomacy strat-

egy for informing citizens of beneficiary countries
 about the benefits to their respective countries of
 United States security assistance and cooperation
 programs.

5 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
6 authorized to be appropriated to the Department of State
7 and the United States Agency for International Develop8 ment \$88,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2025 through
9 2029 to carry out the Caribbean Basin Security Initiative
10 to achieve the purposes described in subsection (b).

11 SEC. 4. IMPLEMENTATION PLAN.

12 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the 13 date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Administrator of the United 14 15 States Agency for International Development, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees an implemen-16 17 tation plan that includes a timeline and stated objectives for actions to be taken in beneficiary countries with re-18 spect to the Caribbean Basin Security Initiative. 19

20 (b) ELEMENTS.—The implementation plan required21 by subsection (a) shall include the following elements:

(1) A multi-year strategy with a timeline, overview of objectives, and anticipated outcomes for the
region and for each beneficiary country, with respect
to each purpose described in section 3.

(2) Specific, measurable benchmarks to track
 the progress of the Caribbean Basin Security Initia tive toward accomplishing the outcomes included
 under paragraph (1).

5 (3) A plan for the delineation of the roles to be 6 carried out by the Department of State, the United 7 States Agency for International Development, the 8 Department of Justice, the Department of Defense, 9 and any other Federal department or agency in car-10 rying out the Caribbean Basin Security Initiative, to 11 prevent overlap and unintended competition between 12 activities and resources.

(4) A plan to coordinate and track all activities
carried out under the Caribbean Basin Security Initiative among all relevant Federal departments and
agencies, in accordance with the publication requirements described in section 4 of the Foreign Aid
Transparency and Accountability Act of 2016 (22)
U.S.C. 2394c).

(5) A description of the process for co-locating
projects of the Caribbean Basin Security Initiative
funded by the United States Agency for International Development and the Bureau of International Narcotics and Law Enforcement Affairs of
the Department of State to ensure that crime pre-

vention funding and enforcement funding are used
 in the same localities as necessary.

3 (6) An assessment of steps taken, as of the 4 date on which the plan is submitted, to increase re-5 gional coordination and collaboration between the 6 law enforcement agencies of beneficiary countries 7 and the Haitian National Police, and a framework 8 with benchmarks for increasing such coordination 9 and collaboration, in order to address the urgent se-10 curity crisis in Haiti.

11 (c) ANNUAL PROGRESS UPDATE.—Not later than 1 12 year after the date on which the implementation plan re-13 quired by subsection (a) is submitted, and annually there-14 after, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Ad-15 ministrator of the United States Agency for International Development, shall submit to the appropriate congres-16 17 sional committees a written description of results achieved through the Caribbean Basin Security Imitative, including 18 19 with respect to—

20 (1) the implementation of the strategy and
21 plans described in paragraphs (1), (3), and (4) of
22 subsection (b);

(2) compliance with, and progress related to,
meeting the benchmarks described in paragraph (2)
of subsection (b); and

(3) funding statistics for the Caribbean Basin
 Security Initiative for the preceding year,
 disaggregated by country.

4 SEC. 5. PROGRAMS AND STRATEGY TO INCREASE NATURAL

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DISASTER RESPONSE AND RESILIENCE.

6 (a) PROGRAMS.—During the 5-year period beginning 7 on the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary 8 of State, in consultation with the Administrator of the 9 United States Agency for International Development and 10 the President and Chief Executive Officer of the Inter-American Foundation, shall promote natural disaster re-11 12 sponse and resilience in beneficiary countries by carrying 13 out programs for the following purposes:

14 (1) Encouraging coordination between bene15 ficiary countries and relevant Federal departments
16 and agencies to provide expertise and information
17 sharing.

18 (2) Supporting the sharing of best practices on
19 natural disaster resilience, including on constructing
20 resilient infrastructure and rebuilding after natural
21 disasters.

(3) Improving rapid-response mechanisms and
cross-government organizational preparedness for
natural disasters.

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1 (b) STRATEGY.—Not later than 180 days after the 2 date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Administrator of the United 3 4 States Agency for International Development and in con-5 sultation with the President and Chief Executive Officer of the Inter-American Foundation and nongovernmental 6 7 organizations in beneficiary countries and in the United 8 States, shall submit to the appropriate congressional com-9 mittees a strategy that incorporates specific, measurable 10 benchmarks-

(1) to achieve the purposes described in sub-section (a); and

13 (2) to inform citizens of beneficiary countries
14 about the extent and benefits of United States as15 sistance to such countries.

(c) ANNUAL PROGRESS UPDATE.—Not later than 1 16 17 year after the date on which the strategy required by subsection (b) is submitted, and annually thereafter, the Sec-18 19 retary of State, in coordination with the Administrator of 20 the United States Agency for International Development, 21 shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees 22 a written description of the progress made as of the date 23 of such submission in meeting the benchmarks included in the strategy. 24